# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# according to regulation of Europian parliament and Council (ES) number 1907/2006 according Committee regulation (EU) number 878/2020



ERC2; ERC8a; ERC8d; ERC10a;

10. 05. 2024 Date of Issue: Version number: No. of pages: 9

Revision date: Replaces version:

ETERNAL ODMAŚTOVAĆ DIRECT Product name:

Section 1: Identification of substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 ETERNAL ODMAŠŤOVAČ DIRECT Product identifier:

The product is not a nanoform, nor does it contain any nanoforms.

UFI code: EQY1-SS5D-YD1U-CADW

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

1.2.1 Relevant identified use:

> Life cycle phases: PW (wide use by professionals - basic)

> > C (consumer use)

Usage Name: SU0

Other usage description: Cleaning agent, degreasing agent

Market description:

Contributing Activity Name: non-industrial spraying techniques

Contributing activities descriptor: PROC11

More information: technical function of the product in Cleaning agent, degreasing agent

this use:

quantity to use: 0 - 10 t / yr

No Regulatory status by use: a limited number of devices for No

this use:

24 months the subsequent period of use

relevant to this use:

an overview of environmental release categories for each life

ERC11a

cycle stage:

supplied as a mixture

1.2.2 Uses advised against: all other uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

> AUSTIS a. s. Producer and supplier:

Adress: K Austisu 680, 154 00 PRAHA 5 - Slivenec

Telephone number: +420 251 099 111 Fax: +420 251 099 112 austis@austis.cz

1.4 +420 725 491 378 Emergency telephone number: +420 251 099 247

Centre of the Toxicologicaly information Na Bojišti 1, 120 00 Prague 2, Tel.: +420 224 919 293

CZ

Section 2: Hazard identification 2.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture The mixture is classified as dangerous.

Classification under Regulation 1272/2008/EU Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

2.2 Label elements

Symbols: **GHS07** 

Signal word: Warning

It contains a hazardous substance: 2-Aminoethan-1-ol, quaternary ammonium compounds

Hazard Statement: H318: Causes serious eye irritation.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement:	P102: Keep out of reach of children. P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fac protection. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do Continue rinsing. P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with the relevan		
Composition according to (EC) 648/2004:	national legislation Less than 5 % nonionic surfactant surfactants, phosphonates.		
Other hazards:	The mixture does not meet criteria to be classified as PBT or vPvB substances. The mixture is not endocrine disruptor, nor does it contain any.		
Other risks:	Not Assigned		
Section 3: Composition / information on ingredients			
An aqueous solution of surfactants, phosphonates and excipients.			
Mixtures Chemical name:	2 Aminosthana 1 al	Propose 2 of	
Content [%]:	2-Aminoethane-1-ol < 1	Propane-2-ol < 1	
Index number:	603-030-00-8	603-117-00-0	
CAS:	141-43-5	67-63-0	
EC number (EINECS):	205-483-3	200-661-7	
REACH Registration number:	01-2119486455-28-0XXX	01-2119457558-25-0XXX	
Classification according to Directive 1272/2008/EU:	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 STOT SE 3; H335		
Specific concentration limits, M-factors:	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 % Not Assigned	Not Assigned Established Exposure limit EH40/2005 (WELs)	
Chemical name:	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	(C12-14)-ALKYLDIMETHY ETHYLBENZYLAMMONIUI CHLORIDE	
Content [%]:	0,5 - 0,7	0,1 - 0,2	
Index number:	603-096-00-8	Not Assigned	
CAS:	112-34-5	85409-23-0	
EC number (EINECS):	203-961-6	287-090-7	
REACH Registration number:	01-2119475104-44-0XXX	01-2120771812-51-0XXX	
Classification according to Directive 1272/2008/EU:	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox H312 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	
Specific concentration limits, M-factors:	Not Assigned	Not Assigned	
	Established Exposure limit EH40/2005 (WELs)	Not Assigned	
Chemical name:	Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16 (even-numbered)	).	
	alkyldimethyl, chlorides		
Content [%]:	0,1 - 0,2		
Index number:	Not Assigned		
CAS:	68391-01-5		
EC number (EINECS):	269-919-4		
REACH Registration number:	Not Assigned		
Classification according to Directive 1272/2008/EU:	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
Specific concentration limits, M-factors:	Not Assigned		

#### 4. Section 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

When providing first aid it is necessary to ensure safety of both victim and person rescuing. It is necessary to avoid chaotic behavior. Victim must be kept in mental and physical rest. Victim must be kept warm and must not get chilled. Take original container with label or safety data sheet with information about substance or mixture with you in case of medical examination.

Inhalation: Break exposure, move to fresh air protecting the victim from cold. Provide medical treatment especially if coughing, shortness of breath or other symptoms persist.

When on skin: Put away contaminated clothes and shoes, wash the contaminated spot with plenty of tepid water; if the skin is not irritated, soap can be used; seek doctor's advice, especially if the skin stays irritated.

Eye Contact: Rinse eyes with plenty of water (10 to 15 min). Keep eyes open (even by force if necessary). If the victim is wearing contact lenses remove them immediately. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting! Drink at least 0,5 liters of water with 5 to 10 tablets of crushed charcoal. In case of nausea contact the Toxicology Information Centre for need of medical treatment with information about composition of the mixture from the original container or SDS.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The product may have adverse effects through inhalation and if swallowed. It can irritate skin, mucous membranes and eyes.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Symptomatic treatment

### 5. Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: The product is not inflammable. Water spray (water mist), foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: The strong water current. It can be spread fire.

- 5.2 Specific danger linked to the substance or mixture: Burning may produce carbon oxides and nitrogen oxides.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters: wear a breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

#### 6. Section 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Appropriate protective gloves, goggles, appropriate clothing, or respirator.
- 6.1.1 For workers except for those intervening in emergency cases instructions in case of accidental spill and leak of substance or mixture:
  - a) use of appropriate protection (including personal protective equipment according to part 8 BL), in order to avoid any skin, eyes or personal clothing contamination;
  - b) removing possible sources of ignition, providing proper ventilation, control of dust not relevant
  - c) emergency measures, for example necessary evacuation from dangerous area or consultation with an expert not relevant
- 6.1.2 For workers intervening in emergency cases instructions for appropriate materials of personal protective suits (see part 8 BL)
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Prevent environmental pollution leakage into drains, surface water, groundwater or soil.
- 6.3 Methods and materials for limitation of leaks and for cleaning:
- 6.3.1 Instructions for leak limitation of spilled substance or mixture
  - a) enclose the spilled mixture, cover the canalization;
  - b) seal the damaged package
- 6.3.2 Instructions for removal of spilled substance or mixture

Absorb with appropriate agent, hand over to authorized person for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See also section 7., 8 and 13.

# 7. Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Measures for safe manipulation:

# 7.1.1 Recomendations:

- a) Workers handeling the product have to get familiar with health and safety rules for work and have to obey these rules. Secure escape routs (enclosing of leaked mixture, sealing of demaged packages and so on), for fire prevention (remove ignition sources, non-sparkling tools and so on) and limit the production of aerosol and dust.
- b) Obey measures for prevention of manipulation with incompatible substances or mixtures (see part 10) in common areas.
- c) Store in original closed packages in temperature from +5 to +25 °C, do not expose to temperature under 0 °C (not even in short term). Do not expose to direct sunlight or other heat sources.
- d) Prevent the contamination of environment, i.e. leak into canalization, surface or underground water and soil.
- 7.1.2 Instructions for general hygiene of work:
  - a) Do not eat, drink or smoke on work areas.
  - b) After working with product wash your hands with soap and water, eventualy use regeneration hand cream.
  - c) Before entering dining areas, remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage of substances and mixtures including incompatible substances and mixtures: Store in dry and well-ventilated storages in original closed packages in temperatures from +5 to +25 °C, do not expose to temperature under 0 °C (not even in short term). Do not expose to direct sunlight or other heat sources. Prevent any contact with oxidazing substances, strong acids and bases. Do not store with food, drinks and feed. The product is not a flamable liquid according to ČSN 65 0201.
- 7.3 Specific end use: see part 1.2; coating procedure and recomendations are listed in technical list of the product, or in other product documentation.

# 8. Section 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1 Control parameters:

Chemical name: 2-Aminoethane-1-ol 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol 141-43-5 CAS: 112-34-5 2,5 (1 ppm) Long-term exposure limit [mg/m<sup>3</sup>] (TWA/8 h) 67,5 (10 ppm) 7,6 (3 ppm) 101,2 (15 ppm) Short-term exposure limit [mg/m<sup>3</sup>] (15 minut) Comments: Can be absorbed through the Not Assigned skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity. Chemical name: propane-2-ol 67-63-0 CAS: 999 (400 ppm) Long-term exposure limit [mg/m<sup>3</sup>] (TWA/8 h) 1250 (500 ppm) Short-term exposure limit [mg/m<sup>3</sup>] (15 minut) Comments: Not Assigned 2-Aminoethane-1-ol (ES: 205-483-3): DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, Long term  $3.3 \text{ mg/m}^3$ exposure) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term 1 mg/kg bw/day exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Long term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, 0,24 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, 3,75 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) propane-2-ol (ES: 200-661-7): DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> term exposure) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term 888 mg/kg bw/day exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic 89 ma/m<sup>3</sup> effects, Long term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, 319 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, 26 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) PNEC aqua (freshwater) 140,9 mg/L PNEC agua (marine water) 140,9 mg/L PNEC STP 2251 mg/L PNEC sediment (freshwater) 552 mg/kg (sediment dw) PNEC sediment (marine water) 552 mg/kg (sediment dw) PNEC soil 28 mg/kg (soil dw) PNEC oral (Hazard for predators) 160 mg/kg food 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol (ES: 203-961-6) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long 67.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> term exposure) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, 101.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Acute/short term exposure) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term 83 mg/kg bw/day exposure) NOAEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term 2000 mg/kg bw/day exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic 40,5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> effects, Long term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic 60,7 mg/m<sup>3</sup> effects, Acute/short term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, 50 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, 2000 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, 5 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, 200 mg/kg bw/day Long term exposure) 1,1 mg/L PNEC aqua (freshwater) PNEC aqua (marine water) 0,11 mg/L PNEC STP 200 mg/L

Exposure limits EH40/2005 (WELs):

PNEC sediment (freshwater)

PNEC sediment (marine water)

9,44 mg/kg sediment dw

9,44 mg/kg sediment dw

9,44 mg/kg sediment dw

9,32 mg/kg soil dw

9,32 mg/kg food

9,66 mg/kg food

(C12-14)-ALKYLDIMETHYLETHYLBENZYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (ES: 287-090-7):

DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, Long term 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

exposure)

DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Long term exposure)

8.2 Exposure controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure protective equipment is worn while working with the product. Contaminated work clothes can be reused after thorough cleaning. Wash your hands and face with soap and water after use. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working with the product.

- 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls: Observe the usual precautions to protect the health and well-ventilated.
- 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Occupational exposure is governed by Directive 89/686/EEC therefore any use of personal protective equipment must be in accordance with this Regulation.

- a) Eyes and face protection: Suitable safety goggles (EN 166), face shiled.
- b) Skin protection: Common safety clothing with long sleave and shoes; take of the contaminated clothing and wash your skin with soap and water
- b-1) Hands protection: suitable protective gloves (made from rubber according to EN 374), wash your hands with soap and water after work,
- c) Airways protection: with proper area ventilation not required. When spraying, face half-shiled is recomended for gass filtration (EN 405) or quarter-shiled with gass filter (EN 140, EN 141).
- d) Heat hazard: Special attention must be paid to construction of personal protective measures, when specifying protective measures for protection against materials, which are considered to be heat hazard. Not relevant for this product.
- 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls: Avoid infiltration of surface and groundwater and soil.

## 9. Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) State low viscosity liquid b) Color clear colorless liquid

c) Odour: after the raw materials used Odor threshold: Not specified

d) Melting/Freezing point (temperature range) (°C):

Not specified
e) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)
approximately 100

f) Combustibility: non-flammable liquid g) Explosion limints: upper limit (% volume): Not specified

lower limit (% volume):

h) Point of ignition:

Not specified

Not specified

i) Temperature of self-ignition:

Not specified

j) Temperature of decomposition (°C):

k) pH (at 23 °C):

Not specified approximately 11,6

l) Kinematic viscosity:

Not specified

m) Solubility (23 °C)

- with water: unlimited miscibility with water

- with fats: Not specified

n) Partition coefficient n - octanol/water:

Not specified
o) Steam pressure (20 °C):

Not specified

p) Density and/or relative density (20 °C): approximately 1,0 g.cm<sup>-3</sup>

q) Relative viscosity of steam (at °C):

Not specified
r) Particles characteristics:

Not specified

9.2 Other information:

9.2.1 Information about class of physical hazard: not relevant

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate: Not specified Dynamic viscosity: Not specified Explosive properties: Not specified Oxidizing properties: Not specified The content of organic solvents; total organic carbon content (TOC): 0,057 kg/kg

# 10. Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Product is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

- 10.1 Reactivity: Product is not reactive under recommended storage and handling conditions.
- 10.2 Chemical stability: Product is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: In case of contact with substances reacting dangerously with water.

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Hazardous Decomposition Products: Burning may produce carbon coxides and nitrogen coxides.  Hazardous Decomposition Products: Burning may produce carbon coxides and nitrogen coxides.  Hit offormation about hazard classes acording to (ES) c. 1272/2008 a) acute troicity.  LD <sub>0c</sub> coat, rat (mg kg ¹) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  LD <sub>0c</sub> coat, rat (mg kg ²) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  PD <sub>0c</sub> coemat, rat or rabbit (mg kg ²) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  LD <sub>0c</sub> coemat, rat or rabbit (mg kg ²) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  LD <sub>0c</sub> coemat, rat or rabbit (mg kg ²) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  LD <sub>0c</sub> coemat, rat or rabbit (mg kg ²) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  PHYLEENZYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE:  LD <sub>0c</sub> tolermat, rat or rabbit (mg kg ²) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  Discorebity/skin irritation:  Discorebity/skin irritation:  Discorebity/skin irritation:  Discorebity/skin irritation:  Discorebity/skin irritation:  Discorebity/skin irritation: Discorebity/skin irrit	10.4	Conditions to avoid: Temperatures below 0 °C and above 100 °C cause of storage temperature reduce life of the product.	degradation of the product. Tempe	ratures above recommended			
11.1 Section 11: Toxicological information 11.1 Information about hazard classes according to (ES) c. 1272/2008 1 a) acute toxicity:  - LD <sub>00</sub> , oran, rat (mg kg²¹) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , demnal, rat or rabbit (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethane-I-ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information ol):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gasee and vapours (mg kg²) (2-Aminoethan-I-> 1.3 the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information on the value of the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information on the value of the classification cireria are I met based on avilable information on the value of the classif	10.5	•	and bases.				
a) acute toxicity:  Information about hazard classes acording to (ES) è. 1272/2008 a) acute toxicity:  For the mixture not determined the classification criteria are 1 met based on available information.  LD <sub>20</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>20</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>20</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>20</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (12-14)-ALKYLDIMETHYL-ETHYLEBEXYL AMMONUM CHLORIDE):  -LC <sub>20</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethan-1-2-1,3 the classification criteria are 1 met based on available information oi):  -LC <sub>20</sub> , bental, sept damage / eyes irritation: -C) serious eye irritation: -C) serious eye irritation: -C) serious eye damage / eyes irritation: -C) serious eye irritation: -C) serious eye irritation: -C) serious eye irritation: -C) serious eye damage / eyes irritation: -C) serious eye irritation: -C) serious	10.6						
a) acute toxicity:  -LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):  -LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) ((C12-14)-ALKYLDIMETHYL- ETHYLSENZYL.AMMONIUM CHLORIDE):  -LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (ring kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethan-1-1-2-1,3 direction on a valiable information of the classification cirteria are innet based on a valiable information of the classification cirteria are innet based on a valiable information of the classification cirteria are innet based on a valiable information of the classification cirteria are innet based on a valiable information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of the classification cirteria are innet based on available information of each bazed class or breakdown:  1.1.1 Information for each bazed class or breakdown:  1.2.1 Toxicological properties of mixture or mixture in the classification cirteria are not met based on available information or each bazed or available information or each bazed or available information or each substance in fo	1.	Section 11: Toxicological information					
- LD <sub>25</sub> , ceral, rat (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LD <sub>25</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LD <sub>25</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LD <sub>25</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LD <sub>25</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LD <sub>25</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LD <sub>25</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - LC <sub>25</sub> , inhialation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-d):  - D corrosivity/skin irritation:  - Causes skin irritation.  - Causes skin irrit	1.1	Information about hazard classes acording to (ES) č. 1272/2008					
- LD <sub>00</sub> , dermal, rat or raibit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-al):  - LD <sub>00</sub> , dermal, rat or raibit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (C1214)-ALKYLDIMETHYL- ETHYLBENZYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethan-1-> 1,3 the classification cirteria are into the based on available inform oil):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethan-1-> 1,3 the classification cirteria are into the based on available inform oil):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethan-1-> 1,3 the classification cirteria are not met based on available inform oil):  - LC <sub>00</sub> , serious eye damage / eyes irritation: - C) serious eye damage / ey		a) acute toxicity:	For the mixture not determined	the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable informatio			
met based on avilable inform  LD <sub>00</sub> , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (IC12-14)-ALKYLDIMETHYL- ETHYLBENZYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE):  LC <sub>00</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethan-1->1.3 the classification cirteria are in met based on avilable inform oil):  b) corrosivity/skin irritation: c) serious eye damage / eyes irritation: d) sensitivity of airways / sensitivity of sixinys / sensitivity of sens		- LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):	1515	the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable information			
ETHYLBENZYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE):  - LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg kg ¹) (2-Aminoethan-1- > 1,3		- $LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> ) (2-Aminoethane-1-ol):	> 2000	the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable informatio			
al):    Discorposivity/skin irritation:			3412	the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable information			
c) serious eye damage / eyes irritation: d) sensitivity of airways / sensitivity of skin: e) germ cells mutagenicity: f) carcinogenicity: g) toxicity for reproduction: h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure: h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure: h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: htuman experience:  Tests on animals: Tests on animals: human experience: human experience: human experience:  Tests on animals: Tests on animals: Human experience: human experience:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals: Human experience: human experience:  Tests on animals:  Test			> 1,3	the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable informatio			
c) serious eye damage / eyes irritation: d) sensitivity of airways / sensitivity of skin: e) germ cells mutagenicity: f) carcinogenicity: g) toxicity for reproduction: h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure: h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure: h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: htuman experience:  Tests on animals: Tests on animals: human experience: human experience: human experience:  Tests on animals: Tests on animals: Human experience: human experience:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals: Human experience: human experience:  Tests on animals:  Test		b) corrosivity/skin irritation:	Causes skin irritation.				
d) sensitivity of airways / sensitivity of skin:		,					
e) germ cells mutagenicity:  f) carcinogenicity:  f) toxicity for reproduction:  h) toxicity for reproduction:  h) toxicity for reproduction:  h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure:  h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures:  h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures:  human experience:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals:  11.1.1 Information for each hazard class or breakdown:  2-Aminoethane-1-ol (ES: 205-483-3), propane-2-ol (ES: 200-681-7), 2-(2-see part 8 butoxyethoxylethanol (ES: 203-961-6) and (C12-14)-  ALKYLDIMETHYLETHYLERNZYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (ES: 287- 090-7)  11.1.3 If enough information from substance/mixture trials exist, it might be necessary to sum up results of used studies, for example according to exposure run  11.1.1 Information about tikely exposure run  11.1.2 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features  11.1.3 Is leaded and immediate effects and chronical effects of short/long term exposure  11.1.4 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features  11.1.5 Information compared to substance information  11.1.1 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features  11.1.1 Information about likely exposure run  11.1.2 Lot information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contribute to mixture's effects on health. For each substance are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on health or a substance will be listed on healtful each substance will be listed and instead effects on healtful each substance will be listed and instead effects on healtful each substance will be listed and instead effects on healtful each substance will be listed and instead effects on healtful each substance will be listed and instead effects on healtful each substance will be listed		,	·	net based on avilable information			
f) carcinogenicity: g) toxicity for reproduction: h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure: h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: h) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: h) hazards while inhaled: h) hazard while inhaled: h) decision cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic h) decision cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic h) decision cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic h) decision cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic see above not avilable informatic where we donatication cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic while hazard class or breakdown:  11.1.1 if enough inhaled: h) are considered while we waite while prescribed safety measures.  where not performed see above not avilable informatic ho desiration cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic he classification cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic ho desiration confiderial effects well assification cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic ho desiration cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic ho desiration cirteria are not met based on avilable informatic hot classification cirteria are not met based on avila							
g) toxicity for reproduction: h) toxicity for preproduction: h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure: l) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: l) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures: l) hazards while inhaled: Human experience:  Human experience:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals: Were not performed see above not available.  11.1.1 Information for each hazard class or breakdown: 12. Aminoethane-1-ol (ES: 205-483-3), propane-2-ol (ES: 200-661-7), 2-(2-see part 8 butoxypthoxypthanol (ES: 203-961-6) and (C12-14)- ALKYLDIMETHYLETHYLBENZYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (ES: 287-090-7) 11.1.1 If enough information from substance/mixture trials exist, it might be necessary to sum up results of used studies, for example according to exposure run 11.1.4 If the classification cirteria are not met based on available informatic normation explaining the justification should be stated.  11.1.5 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features 11.1.6 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features 11.1.7 Belated and immediate effects and chronical effects of short/long term exposure 11.1.1 Mixtures information compared to substance information 2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substances are aubstance as a whole, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating substances are auusignowning and diarrhea; b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating substance will be listed and instead effects on health or each substance will be listed.  11.1.1 Additional data:  None		, -					
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i) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures:  (i) hazards while inhaled:  Human experience:  Tests on animals:  Tests on animals:  Toxicological properties of mixture  2-Aminoethane-1-ol (ES: 205-483-3), propane-2-ol (ES: 200-681-7), 2-(2 see part 8 butoxyethoxy)ethanol (ES: 203-681-6) and (C12-14)-  ALKYLDIMETHYLETHYLEDRIXYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (ES: 287-090-7)  11.1.3 If enough information for substance/mixture trials exist, it might be necessary to sum up results of used studies, for example according to exposure run  11.1.4 If the classification criteria are not met based on available information explaining the justification should be stated.  11.1.5 Information about likely exposure run  11.1.6 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features  11.1.7 Belated and immediate effects and chronical effects of short/long term exposure  11.1.1 Butox of specific data not relevant  11.1.2 Lack of specific data not relevant  11.1.3 Interactive effects  11.1.4 Mixtures  11.1.5 Information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contribute or mixture.  Evaluation are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when twee kiratilang substances is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on health correct to contribute or mixture.  **See part 8**  **Additional data:**  Not relevant for this mixture.  **See part 8**  **Additional data:**  **Not relevant for this mixture.  **See part 8**  **Additional data:**  **Not relevant for this mixture.  **See part 8**  **Additional data:**  **Not relevant for this mixture.  **See part 8**  **Additional data:**  **Not relevant for this mixture.							
i) hazards while inhaled: Human experience: No detrimental effects were found upon compliance with the prescribed safety measures.  Were not performed Information for each hazard class or breakdown: see above Information for each hazard class or breakdown: See above Information for each hazard class or breakdown: See above Information (ES: 205-483-3), propane-2-ol (ES: 200-661-7), 2-(2- see part 8 butoxyethoxy) ethanol (ES: 203-861-6) and (C12-14) ALKYPLIMETHYLETHYLETHYLEDRAYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (ES: 287-090-7) Int. 13 If enough information from substance/mixture trials exist, it might be necessary to sum up results of used studies, for example according to exposure run Int. 4 If the classification riteria are not met for specific hazard class, information explaining the justification should be stated. Information about likely exposure run See part 11.1 Information explaining the justification should be stated. Information about likely exposure run See part 11.1 Interactive effects Unknown Int. 1.1 Mixtures information compared to substance information Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and 2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance as whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on health of each substance will be listed.  None							
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2-Aminoethane-1-ol (ES: 205-483-3), propane-2-ol (ES: 200-661-7), 2-(2 see part 8 butoxyethoxy)ethanol (ES: 203-961-6) and (C12-14)- ALKYLDIMETHYLERIYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (ES: 287-090-7)  11.1.3 If enough information from substance/mixture trials exist, it might be necessary to sum up results of used studies, for example according to exposure run  11.1.4 If the classification criteria are not met for specific hazard class, information explaining the justification should be stated.  11.1.5 Information about likely exposure run see part 11.1 see part 11.1 see part 11.1 equation about likely exposure run see part 11.1 see part 11.1 exposure  11.1.1.8 Information about likely exposure run see part 11.1 see part 1							
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11.1.6 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features  11.1.7 Belated and immediate effects and chronical effects of short/long term exposure  11.1.8 Interactive effects  11.1.9 Lack of specific data  11.1.10 Mixtures  11.1.11 Mixtures information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contribute mixture's effects on health. For each substance a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on health of each substance will be listed.  None	11.1.4		relevant concentration limits were not exceeded				
features  Belated and immediate effects and chronical effects of short/long term exposure  11.1.8 Interactive effects unknown  11.1.9 Lack of specific data not relevant  11.1.10 Mixtures see part 8  11.1.11 Mixtures see part 8  11.1.11 Mixtures information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on health of each substance will be listed.  None	11.1.5	Information about likely exposure run	see part 11.1				
exposure  11.1.8 Interactive effects unknown  11.1.9 Lack of specific data not relevant  11.1.10 Mixtures see part 8  11.1.11 Mixtures information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance  a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  None		features	see part 11.1				
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11.1.10 Mixtures  11.1.11 Mixtures information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  None	11.1.8	•	unknown				
11.1.10 Mixtures  11.1.11 Mixtures information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance ap if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  None	11.1.9	Lack of specific data					
11.1.11 Mixtures information compared to substance information  1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and  2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  None			see part 8				
1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and 2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contributeto mixture's effects on health. For each substance a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;  b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  None	11.1.11	·					
a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea; b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration; c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  Not relevant for this mixture.  Not relevant for this mixture.  See part 8		·					
a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea; b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration; c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  Not relevant for this mixture.  Not relevant for this mixture.  See part 8		2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is suffic	ient to contributeto mixture's effec	ts on health. For each substance			
b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating solution to a level under certain concentration;  c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  None		a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are	Not relevant for this mixture.				
are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.  11.1.12 Additional data:  None		b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating	Not relevant for this mixture.				
		are unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.	see part 8				
11.2 Other hazards information		Additional data:	None				
	11.2	Other hazards information					

11.2.1 Features causing disruption of endocrinal systém Not relevant for this mixture. 11.2.2 Other information None 12. Section 12: Ecological information 12.1 Toxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Acute toxicity for water organisms: For the mixture not determined for individual ingredients: BENZALKONIUMCHLORIDE: - LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours, fish (Pimephales promelas): 0,515 mg/l - LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours, (Daphnia magna): 0,0161 mg/l - EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours, algae (Selenastrum capricornutum): > 969 mg/l (C12-14)-ALKYLDIMETHYLETHYLBENZYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE: - LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours, fish: Not Assigned - EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours, invertebrates: 0,016 mg/l - IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours, algae: Not Assigned - NOEC, algae: Not Assigned 12.2 Persistence and degradability: Biodegradability of surfactants in the mixture meets the requirements of Regulation EC 648/2004. 12.3 Due to the high water solubility is bioaccumulation in organisms Bioaccumulative potential: unlikely. 12.4 In water and soil, the product is soluble and mobile. In case of rain, Mobility in soil: possible contamination of river beds. 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvR 12.6 Features causing disruption of endocrinal systém Unknown for this mixture 12.7 Other adverse effects: See Section 2 Additional data: Water hazard class 1. Low water hazard (Self-assessment). The product must not leak to surface and groundwater. Notify competent authorities immediately in case of an accident. 13. Section 13: Disposal considerations 13.1 Methods of waste management: a) Appropriate methods of substance, mixture and contaminated packaging disposal: Proceed in accordance with applicable regulations. Do not mix with household waste. Diluted with plenty of water. Discharge into the sewer is permitted after neutralization under conditions laid down by water authorities. b) Physical / chemical properties that can affect means of waste handling: Liquid mixture is completely miscible with water. c) Avoidance of disposal through sewer: Discharge into the sewer is permitted according to the conditions laid down by water authorities. d) Special precautions for the recommended waste management: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Examples of classification according to the Waste Catalog: Unused product - 160305 Organic wastes containing dangerous substances. Category N Used preparation - classifies the waste generator according to the legislation on the basis of the properties of the generated waste. May be classified as 110113 Degreasing wastes containing dangerous substances. Category N. Contaminated packaging - 150110 Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances. Category N 14. Section 14: Transport information 14.1 UN number or ID number Not specified Required shipping label: ADR/RID/ADN: Not specified IMDG: Not specified ICAO TI: Not specified 14.2 Proper name of the United Nations for the shipment ADR/RID/ADN: Not specified IMDG: Not specified ICAO TI: Not specified 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): ADR/RID/ADN: Not specified IMDG: Not specified ICAO TI: Not specified

14.4

Packing group: ADR/RID/ADN:

IMDG:

ICAO TI:

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Not specified

Not specified

Not specified

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not specified
 14.6 Special precautions for user: See Section 8
 Special provisions (ADR): Not specified
 14.7 Naval mass-transport according to instrumenst IMO: Not applicable Notes: None
 Additional data: None

### 15. Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Regulation of the European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals establishing a European Chemicals Agency, as amended

Regulation of the European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on detergents

Commision directive (EU) No. 878/2020

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (second edition, published 2011). Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended)

15.2 Assessment chemical safety of mixture: Were not performed

#### 16. Section 16: Other informations

Information stated in this safety data sheet is based on the current knowledge of EU legislation. It is recommendation in terms of health and safety as well as recommendation related to ecological matters that are essential to safe usage of the product.

a) New edition.

b) key or legend for abbreviations and accronyms used in the safety data sheet:

LD<sub>50</sub> The lethal dose for 50 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.

LC<sub>50</sub> Lethal concentration for 50 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.

EC<sub>50</sub> Effective concentration for 50 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.

EC<sub>10</sub> Effective concentration for 10 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.

IC<sub>50</sub> Inhibitory concentration to reduce the growth or growth rate of 50% of the test population relative to a control sample.

 $LL_{50}$  Lethal loading doses of test substance resulting in 50% mortality

EL<sub>50</sub> Effective loading doses of test substance resulting in 50% mortality

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substances.

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substances.

DNEL Derived No Effect Level - derived concentration of the substance without adverse effects

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level - derived minimum level at which the adverse effects

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level - no negative effect was observed

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration - an estimate of the concentration of the substance without adverse effects

NOELR No Observed Effect Loading Rate - dosage rate without observed effect

NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration - concentration without observed effect

NOEL No Observed Effect Level - level without observed effect

LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration - lowest concentrations with observable effects

ADR European Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.

RID Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.

IMDG International maritime code of dangerous goods.ICAO The International Civil Aviation Organization.

IATA International Air Transport Association.

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemical substances.

### c) important references to literature and data sources

Initial data sources are safety data sheets of the inherent (components).

d) in case of mixture, statement about evaluation method used for classification according to article 9 of directive (ES) number 1272/2008 For evaluation purposes, principles of extrapolation were used. Calculation methods.

e) List of H-sentences, whose full form is not listed in other parts.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Guidelines f	or training:
As required	by national legislation.
Recommend	ded restrictions on use (i. e. non-statutory recommendations by supplier):
control it is r	uld not be used for other purposes than specified (see section 1.2). Because specific conditions of use are beyond supplier's esponsibility of the user to adapt notifications to local law and regulations. Safety information describe the product with regard to an not be considered technical information about the product.

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First edition.

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