# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# according to regulation of Europian parliament and Council (ES) number 1907/2006 according Committee regulation (EU) number 878/2020



Date of Issue: 10. 05. 2024 Version number: No. of pages: 9

Revision date: Replaces version:

SANAKRYL ANTIKOR AK/ML Product name:

Section 1: Identification of substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier: The product is not a nanoform, nor does it contain any nanoforms.

UFI code: not relevant

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

1.2.1 Relevant identified use:

> Life cycle phases: PW (wide use by professionals - basic)

> > C (consumer use)

SU0 Usage Name:

Other usage description: anticorrosive coating material

Market description: PC9a; PC15

Contributing Activity Name: roller or brush application

non-industrial spraying techniques

SANAKRYL ANTIKOR AK/ML

Contributing activities descriptor: PROC10

PROC11

More information: technical function of the product in anticorrosive coating material

this use:

0 - 10 t / yr quantity to use: Regulatory status by use: a limited number of devices for Nο

this use:

the subsequent period of use

relevant to this use:

24 months

ERC2; ERC8c; ERC8f; ERC10a;

an overview of environmental release categories for each life

FRC11a

cycle stage:

AUSTIS a. s.

supplied as a mixture

1.2.2 Uses advised against: all other uses

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Producer and supplier:

Adress: K Austisu 680, 154 00 PRAHA 5 - Slivenec

Telephone number: +420 251 099 111 Fax: +420 251 099 112 austis@austis.cz e-mail

1.4 +420 725 491 378 Emergency telephone number: +420 251 099 247

Centre of the Toxicologicaly information Na Bojišti 1, 120 00 Prague 2, Tel.: +420 224 919 293

2. Section 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under Regulation 1272/2008/EU

2.2 Label elements

Symbols:

The mixture is classified as dangerous for the environment.

Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Signal word:

It contains a hazardous substance:

Hazard Statement: Precautionary Statement: No signal word is used

trizinc bis(orthophosphate) and zinc oxide

**GHS 09** 

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P391: Collect spillage.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant

national legislation.

23 Other hazards: The mixture does not meet criteria to be classified as PBT or vPvB substances. The mixture is not endocrine disruptor, nor does it

contain anv.

Other risks:

EUH208: It contains a reaction mixtue: CMIT/MIT (3:1) [Index number: 613-167-00-5]. May cause an allergic reaction.

01-2119485044-40-00XX

#### 3. Section 3: Composition / information on ingredients

REACH Registration number:

A mixture modified alkyd aqueous emulsions, pigments, fillers and additives.

3.2 Mixtures

 Chemical name:
 trizinc bis (orthophosphate)
 zinc oxide

 Content [%]:
 < 6</td>
 < 1,9</td>

 Index number:
 030-011-00-6
 030-013-00-7

 CAS:
 7779-90-0
 1314-13-2

 EC number (EINECS):
 231-944-3
 215-222-5

Classification according to Directive 1272/2008/EU: Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Acute 1; H400

Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Specific concentration limits, M-factors: M = 1 (acute) M = 1 (acute)

M = 1 (chronic) M = 1 (chronic)

Chemical name: 2-butoxyethanol Mixture CMIT/MIT (3:1)

 Content [%]:
 < 0,5</td>
 < 0,0015</td>

 Index number:
 603-014-00-0
 613-167-00-5

 CAS:
 111-76-2
 55965-84-9

 EC number (EINECS):
 203-905-0
 911-418-6

EC number (EINECS): 203-905-0 911-418-6

REACH Registration number: 01-2119475108-36-00XX 01-2120764691-48-0XXX

Classification according to Directive 1272/2008/EU:

Acute Tox. 3; H331

Acute Tox. 2; H330

Acute Tox. 2; H310

Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Skin Corr. 1C; H314

Eye Dam. 1; H318

Skin Sone, 1A: H317

Skin Sens. 1A; H317
Aquatic Acute 1; H400
Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

EUH071

Specific concentration limits, M-factors: inhalation: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: C ≥ 0,6 %

ATE = 3 mg/l (vapour) Eye Dam. 1; H318:  $C \ge 0.6 \%$ 

oral: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: ATE = 1 200 mg/kg bw  $0.06 \% \le C < 0.6 \%$ 

Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Skin Sens. 1A; H317: C ≥ 0,0015 % M = 100 (acute)

M = 100 (chronic)

01-2119463881-32-0XXX

Established Exposure limit EH40/2005 (WELs):

Note: This mixture contains ≥ 1 % titanium dioxide. The classification of

titanium dioxide according to Annex VI (as per Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council) does not

apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Full text of H - phrases in Section 16

## 4. Section 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

When providing first aid it is necessary to ensure safety of both victim and person rescuing. It is necessary to avoid chaotic behavior. Victim must be kept in mental and physical rest. Victim must be kept warm and must not get chilled. Take original container with label or safety data sheet with information about substance or mixture with you in case of medical examination.

Inhalation: Break exposure, move to fresh air protecting the victim from cold. Provide medical treatment especially if coughing, shortness of breath or other symptoms persist.

When on skin: Put away contaminated clothes and shoes, wash the contaminated spot with plenty of tepid water; if the skin is not irritated, soap can be used; seek doctor's advice, especially if the skin stays irritated.

Eye Contact: Rinse eyes with plenty of water (10 to 15 min). Keep eyes open (even by force if necessary). If the victim is wearing contact lenses remove them immediately. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting! Drink at least 0.5 liters of water with 5 to 10 tablets of crushed charcoal. In case of nausea contact the Toxicology Information Centre for need of medical treatment with information about composition of the mixture from the original container or SDS.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The product may have adverse effects through inhalation and if swallowed. It can irritate skin, mucous membranes and eyes.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: Symptomatic treatment

# Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: The product is not inflammable. Water spray (water mist), foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: The strong water current. It can be spread fire.

- 5.2 Specific danger linked to the substance or mixture: Carbon monoxide can be produced while burning.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters: wear a breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

#### 6. Section 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Appropriate protective gloves, goggles, appropriate clothing, or respirator.
- 6.1.1 For workers except for those intervening in emergency cases instructions in case of accidental spill and leak of substance or mixture:
  - a) use of appropriate protection (including personal protective equipment according to part 8 BL), in order to avoid any skin, eyes or personal clothing contamination;
  - b) removing possible sources of ignition, providing proper ventilation, control of dust not relevant
  - c) emergency measures, for example necessary evacuation from dangerous area or consultation with an expert not relevant
- 6.1.2 For workers intervening in emergency cases instructions for appropriate materials of personal protective suits (see part 8 BL)
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Prevent environmental pollution leakage into drains, surface water, groundwater or soil.
- 6.3 Methods and materials for limitation of leaks and for cleaning:
- 6.3.1 Instructions for leak limitation of spilled substance or mixture
  - a) enclose the spilled mixture, cover the canalization;
  - b) seal the damaged package
- 6.3.2 Instructions for removal of spilled substance or mixture

Absorb with appropriate agent, hand over to authorized person for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See also section 7., 8 and 13.

#### 7. Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Measures for safe manipulation:

#### 7.1.1 Recomendations:

- a) Workers handeling the product have to get familiar with health and safety rules for work and have to obey these rules. Secure escape routs (enclosing of leaked mixture, sealing of demaged packages and so on), for fire prevention (remove ignition sources, non-sparkling tools and so on) and limit the production of aerosol and dust.
- b) Obey measures for prevention of manipulation with incompatible substances or mixtures (see part 10) in common areas.
- c) Store in original closed packages in temperature from +5 to +25 °C, do not expose to temperature under 0 °C (not even in short term). Do not expose to direct sunlight or other heat sources.
- d) Prevent the contamination of environment, i.e. leak into canalization, surface or underground water and soil.
- 7.1.2 Instructions for general hygiene of work:
  - a) Do not eat, drink or smoke on work areas.
  - b) After working with product wash your hands with soap and water, eventualy use regeneration hand cream.
  - c) Before entering dining areas, remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage of substances and mixtures including incompatible substances and mixtures: Store in dry and well-ventilated storages in original closed packages in temperatures from +5 to +25 °C, do not expose to temperature under 0 °C (not even in short term). Do not expose to direct sunlight or other heat sources. Prevent any contact with oxidazing substances, strong acids and bases. Do not store with food, drinks and feed. The product is not a flamable liquid according to ČSN 65 0201.
- 7.3 Specific end use: see part 1.2; coating procedure and recomendations are listed in technical list of the product, or in other product documentation.

#### 8. Section 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1 Control parameters:

Exposure limits EH40/2005 (WELs):

Chemical name:

CAS:

Long-term exposure limit [mg/m³] (TWA/8 h)

Short-term exposure limit [mg/m<sup>3</sup>] (15 minut)

2-butoxyethanol

111-76-2 123 (25 ppm)

246 (50 ppm)

Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.

#### Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) (ES: 231-944-3)

DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> exposure)

DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term 83 mg/kg bw/day exposure)

NOAEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term 83 mg/kg bw/day exposure)

DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects,	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term exposure)  DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects,	83 mg/kg bw/day
Long term exposure) NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects,	
Long term exposure)	
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	0,83 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	0,83 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	20,6 μg/L
PNEC aqua (marine water)	6,1 μg/L
PNEC STP	100 μg/L
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	117,8 mg/kg sediment dw
PNEC sediment (marine water)	56,5 mg/kg sediment dw
PNEC soil	35,6 mg/kg soil dw
Zinc oxide (ES: 215-222-5)	55,6 mg/kg 35m dw
DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term	5
exposure)	9
NOAEC (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, Long term exposure)	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	83 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	83 mg/kg bw/day
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NOAEC (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	83 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects,	83 mg/kg bw/day
Long term exposure)  DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, Long	0,83 mg/kg bw/day
term exposure) NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects,	0,83 mg/kg bw/day
Long term exposure) PNEC aqua (freshwater)	20,6 μg/L
PNEC aqua (marine water)	6,1 µg/L
PNEC STP	100 μg/L
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	117,8 mg/kg sediment dw
PNEC sediment (marine water)	56,5 mg/kg sediment dw
PNEC soil	35,6 mg/kg soil dw
2-butoxyethanol (ES: 203-905-0):	oo,o mg/ng oon aw
DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
exposure) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects,	1091 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Acute/short term exposure) DNEL (Workers, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, Long term	246 mg/m³ (respiratory tract)
exposure)  DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term	125 mg/kg bw/day
exposure)  NOAEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term	150 mg/kg bw/day
exposure)	,
DNEL (Workers, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Acute/short term exposure)	
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	3
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Systemic effects, Acute/short term exposure)	ŭ
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via inhalation route, Local effects, Long term exposure)	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respiratory tract)
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	75 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Long term exposure)	150 mg/kg bw/day
DNEL (General Population, Hazard via dermal route, Systemic effects, Acute/short term exposure)	89 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, Long 6,3 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL (General Population, Hazard via oral route, Systemic effects, 26,7 mg/kg bw/day

Acute/short term exposure)

PNEC aqua (freshwater) 8,8 mg/L PNEC aqua (marine water) 0,88 mg/L 463 mg/L PNEC STP

PNEC sediment (freshwater) 34,6 mg/kg sediment dw PNEC sediment (marine water) 3,46 mg/kg sediment dw PNFC soil 2,33 mg/kg soil dw PNEC oral (Hazard for predators) 0,02 g/kg food

8.2 Exposure controls

> Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure protective equipment is worn while working with the product. Contaminated work clothes can be reused after thorough cleaning. Wash your hands and face with soap and water after use. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working with the product.

- 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls: Observe the usual precautions to protect the health and well-ventilated.
- 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Occupational exposure is governed by Directive 89/686/EEC therefore any use of personal protective equipment must be in accordance with this Regulation.

- a) Eyes and face protection: Suitable safety goggles (EN 166), face shiled.
- b) Skin protection: Common safety clothing with long sleave and shoes; take of the contaminated clothing and wash your skin with soap and
- b-1) Hands protection: suitable protective gloves (made from rubber according to EN 374), wash your hands with soap and water after work,
- c) Airways protection: with proper area ventilation not required. When spraying, face half-shiled is recomended for gass filtration (EN 405) or quarter-shiled with gass filter (EN 140, EN 141).

Not specified

- d) Heat hazard: Special attention must be paid to construction of personal protective measures, when specifying protective measures for protection against materials, which are considered to be heat hazard. Not relevant for this product.
- 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls: Avoid infiltration of surface and groundwater and soil.

#### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

viscous liquid a) State color shown on the cover b) Color

characteristic for alkyd emulsions

c) Odour: Odor threshold: Not specified

approximately 0 d) Melting/Freezing point (temperature range) (°C): e) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) approximately 100

non-flammable liquid f) Combustibility:

Not specified g) Explosion limints: upper limit (% volume):

lower limit (% volume): Not specified Not specified h) Point of ignition: Not specified i) Temperature of self-ignition: Not specified

j) Temperature of decomposition (°C): 8,0 - 10,0 k) pH (23 °C)

I) Kinematic viscosity: m) Solubility (23 °C)

unlimited miscibility - with water: Not specified

- with fats: Not specified n) Partition coefficient n - octanol/water: 2,3 kPa

p) Density and/or relative density (20 °C): approximately 1,30 - 1,34 g.cm<sup>-3</sup>

q) Relative viscosity of steam (at °C): Not specified Not specified

r) Particles characteristics: 9.2 Other information:

9.2.1 is not relevant Information about class of physical hazard:

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

o) Steam pressure (20 °C):

Evaporation rate: Not specified Dynamic viscosity: Not specified Not specified Explosive properties: Oxidizing properties: Not specified

VOC (g/L)

#### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Product is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

Reactivity: Product is not reactive under recommended storage and handling conditions.

- 10.2 Chemical stability: Product is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions: In case of contact with substances reacting dangerously with water. 10.3
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid: Temperatures below 0 °C and above 100 °C cause degradation of the product. Temperatures above recommended storage temperature reduce life of the product.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: Substances reacting with water.
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide may form during burning.

#### 11. Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information about hazard classes acording to (ES) č. 1272/2008

a) acute toxicity:

- LD<sub>50</sub>, oral, rat (mg.kg<sup>-1</sup>):

- LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rat or rabbit (mg.kg<sup>-1</sup>):

- LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat, for aerosols or particles (mg.kg<sup>-1</sup>):

- LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat, for gases and vapours (mg.kg<sup>-1</sup>):

b) corrosivity/skin irritation:

c) serious eye damage / eyes irritation:

d) sensitivity of airways / sensitivity of skin:

e) germ cells mutagenicity:

f) carcinogenicity:

g) toxicity for reproduction:

h) toxicity for specific organs - single exposure:

i) toxicity for specific organs - multiple exposures:

i) hazards while inhaled:

Human experience:

Tests on animals:

11.1.1 Information for each hazard class or breakdown:

11.1.2 Toxicological properties of mixture

2-butoxyethanol (ES: 203-905-0), Zinc oxide (ES: 215-222-5) and Trizinc see part 8

bis(orthophosphate) (ES: 231-944-3)

11.1.3 If enough information from substance/mixture trials exist, it might be necessary to sum up results of used studies, for example according to exposure run

11.1.4 If the classification criteria are not met for specific hazard class,

information explaining the justification should be stated.

11.1.5 Information about likely exposure run 11.1.6 Symptoms corresponding to physical, chemical and toxicological features no effects on human health are known

11.1.7 Belated and immediate effects and chronical effects of short/long term

exposure

11.1.8 Interactive effects

11.1.9 Lack of specific data

11.1.1( Mixtures

11.1.1 Mixtures information compared to substance information

1) Substances in the mixture can react with each other inside of a body and can cause different levels of absorption, metabolism and secretion.

2) It is necessary to consider, if concentration of each substance is sufficient to contribute to mixture's effects on health. For each substance

a) if the information are doubled, they are listed only once for a substance as a whole, for example when two different substances are causing vomiting and diarrhea;

b) if it is not likely the effects will appear with current concentrations, for example when weak irritating substance is disolved in non-irritating

solution to a level under certain concentration;

unavilable, no assumptions will be listed and instead effects on healtf of each substance will be listed.

c) if the information about mutual effects of substances in the mixture are see part 8

11.1.12 Other information

11.2 Other hazards information

11.2.1 Features causing disruption of endocrinal systém

11.2.2 Additional data:

Toxicity

12.1

None

Not relevant for this mixture.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Not relevant for this mixture

Not relevant for this mixture.

None

12. Section 12: Ecological information

Acute toxicity for water organisms:

- LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours, fish (mg/kg):

- LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours, fish (mg/kg):

**Mixture** 

Not set

Not set

6/9

SDS 48/2024

the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable information

the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable information

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the classification cirteria are not met based on avilable information

No detrimental effects were found upon compliance with the

relevant concentration limits were not exceeded

no effects on human health are known

no effects on human health are known

prescribed safety measures.

Were not performed

see above

not avilable

not relevant

unknown

not relevant

see part 8

- IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours, algae (mg/kg):

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Not set

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Not set

12.4 Mobility in soil: It was not determined, the blend is miscible with water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or

vPvB.

12.6 Features causing disruption of endocrinal systém Unknown for this mixture

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Additional data:

See Section 2

Details on the toxicity of hazardous components are given below.

#### Toxicity Data for Hazardous components

Component	trizinc bis (orthophosphate)	Zinc oxide
CAS number	7779-90-0	1314-13-2
Toxicity to algae	NOEC = 60 μg/L (72 h)	EC <sub>10</sub> = 84 μg/L (72 h) NOEC = 4,9 μg/L (72 h)
Toxicity to fish	LC <sub>50</sub> = 166 μg/L (96 h)	LC <sub>50</sub> = 439 μg/L (96 h)
Toxicity to water fleas	LC <sub>50</sub> = 1220 μg/L (48 h) EC <sub>50</sub> = 860 mg/L (48 h)	LC <sub>50</sub> = 1220 μg/L (48 h) EC <sub>50</sub> = 860 mg/L (48 h)

#### 13. Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Methods of waste management:

(a) Appropriate methods of disposal of the substance or mixture and contaminated packaging: Risk of environmental contamination, follow the Waste Act (as amended) and the applicable Waste Disposal Regulations (as amended). Place the unused product and contaminated packaging in marked waste collection containers and hand it over for disposal to an authorised waste disposal person (specialised company) authorised to do so. Do not dispose of unused product down the drain. It must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty packaging may be used for energy recovery in a waste incinerator (except for metal) or disposed of in a landfill of the appropriate classification. Completely cleaned packaging may be handed over for recycling. Always comply with the relevant national legislation!

Translated with www Deepl com/Translator (free version)

- b) Physical / chemical properties that can affect means of waste handling: Liquid mixture is completely miscible with water.
- c) Avoidance of disposal through sewer: It is necessary to prevent leakage of both components and hardened mixture into drains.
- d) Special precautions for the recommended waste management: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

### 14. Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

Required shipping label:

ADR/RID/ADN:

IMDG:

ICAO TI:

14.2 Proper name of the United Nations for the shipment

Ground transport ADR/RID/ADN:

Naval transport IMDG:

Air transport ICAO TI:

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

ADR/RID/ADN:

ICAO TI:

14.4 Packing group:

ADR/RID/ADN: IMDG:

ICAO TI:

14.6

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Special provisions (ADR):

Special precautions for user:

14.7 Naval mass-transport according to instrumenst IMO:

UN3082



Various; MARINE POLLUTANT EMS group: F-A,S-F

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TRIZINC BIS [ORTHOPHOSPHATE] AND ZINC OXIDE) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TRIZINC BIS [ORTHOPHOSPHATE] AND ZINC OXIDE) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TRIZINC BIS [ORTHOPHOSPHATE] AND ZINC OXIDE)

9 9 9

> III III III

It is not intended to be transported in containers by inland waterways. This material presents a risk to the environment under the criteria of the Model UN regulation of hazardous products and / or pollutants according to the IMDG Code.

See Section 8

274: The provisions of subsection 3.1.2.8 apply (ADR). Symbol (fish

and tree)

Not applicable

Notes: None
Additional data: None

#### 15. Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Regulation of the European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals establishing a European Chemicals Agency, as amended

Regulation of the European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended

Commision directive (EU) No. 878/2020

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (second edition, published 2011). Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended)

15.2 Assessment chemical safety of mixture:

Were not performed

#### 16. Section 16: Other informations

Information stated in this safety data sheet is based on the current knowledge of EU legislation. It is recommendation in terms of health and safety as well as recommendation related to ecological matters that are essential to safe usage of the product.

a) New edition.

b) key or legend for abbreviations and accronyms used in the safety data sheet:

LD<sub>50</sub> The lethal dose for 50 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.
 LC<sub>50</sub> Lethal concentration for 50 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.
 EC<sub>50</sub> Effective concentration for 50 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.
 EC<sub>10</sub> Effective concentration for 10 % mortality of the test population relative to a control sample.

IC<sub>50</sub> Inhibitory concentration to reduce the growth or growth rate of 50% of the test population relative to a control sample.

LL<sub>50</sub> Lethal loading doses of test substance resulting in 50% mortality EL<sub>50</sub> Effective loading doses of test substance resulting in 50% mortality

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substances.

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substances.

DNEL Derived No Effect Level - derived concentration of the substance without adverse effects

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level - derived minimum level at which the adverse effects

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level - no negative effect was observed

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration - an estimate of the concentration of the substance without adverse effects

NOELR No Observed Effect Loading Rate - dosage rate without observed effect NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration - concentration without observed effect

NOEL No Observed Effect Level - level without observed effect

LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration - lowest concentrations with observable effects

ADR European Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.

RID Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.

IMDG International maritime code of dangerous goods.ICAO The International Civil Aviation Organization.IATA International Air Transport Association.

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemical substances.

c) important references to literature and data sources

Initial data sources are safety data sheets of the inherent (components).

d) in case of mixture, statement about evaluation method used for classification according to article 9 of directive (ES) number 1272/2008

For evaluation purposes, principles of extrapolation were used. Calculation methods.

e) List of H-sentences, whose full form is not listed in other parts.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH071 Causes burns to the respiratory tract.

Guidelines for training:

As required by national legislation.

Recommended restrictions on use (i. e. non-statutory recommendations by supplier):

Product should not be used for other purposes than specified (see section 1.2). Because specific conditions of use are beyond supplier's control it is responsibility of the user to adapt notifications to local law and regulations. Safety information describe the product with regard to safety and can not be considered technical information about the product.